



DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.



"HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY."

VOLUME 1.

MAYSVILLE, WEDNESDAY EVENING SEPTEMBER 20, 1882.

NUMBER 258.

M. J. BISCHOF'S,

Furniture Polish!

As the strongest evidence of the excellence of the Furniture Polish sold by Mr. M. J. Bischof, it is only necessary to state that more than seven thousand bottles have been disposed of in this city and neighborhood in the last sixty days. It is an excellent preparation for the purpose for which it is recommended and gives satisfaction in every case. It is now in the hands of many of the leading merchants of Mason and adjoining counties, and is fast becoming a staple article.

A very useful and excellent article now being introduced in this city, is a

Furniture
POLISH!

Manufactured and sold by Mr. M. J. BISCHOF. It has been tried by very many of our leading citizens, who are warm in their recommendations of its excellence. It can be used on Pianos, Furniture of all kinds and fine Vehicles. It gives a very Superior and Lasting Gloss. The following who have used it are referred to: Hechinger Bros., A. Finch, State National Bank, Central Hotel, D. R. Bullock, W. W. Ball and E. Lambden, Flemingsburg, Ky., references: Fleming & Botts, C. N. Weedon, Judge W. S. Botts, J. W. Hefflin, banker, H. Cushman, H. H. Stitt, L. F. Bright, W. S. Fant. Poplar Plains, references: Ben Plummer, Dr. Hart, Mrs. L. Logan, B. Samuels, Rev. Kimberlie, Summers & Bro., LaRue & Son Blue Lick Springs.

The Following are M. J. Bischof's AGENTS:

Thompson & Maltby, Fern Leaf; Howard & Dinsmore, Furniture Dealers, Carlisle, Ky.; T. M. Dora, Germantown, Ky.; A. K. Marshall & Son, Marshall's Station, K. C. R. R.; R. M. Harrison, Helena Station; H. W. Wood, Washington, Ky.; A. O. White, Sardis, Ky.; Throckmorton, Holmes & Co., Mt. Olivet, Ky.; J. J. Wood, Drug Store, Maysville, Ky.; J. H. Coons, Brooksville, Ky.; T. M. Lynn, Eclipse Livery Stable, Portsmouth, O.; A. L. Stonner, Ashland Ky.

M. J. Bischof,

FURNITURE POLISH,

Sept. 16, 1w.d.

MAYSVILLE, KY.

Umbrellas.

Rain brings out the umbrellas. This may not be a very profound observation, but it compares favorably with the proverb that night brings out the stars, both in profundity and originality. Yesterday being a rainy day in this city and its suburbs, umbrellas swarmed in the streets and dripped all over people in the street cars. Most of these umbrellas were comparatively new, and the fact suggests the question: What becomes of old umbrellas?

There are at present in this country at least twenty-four millions of private umbrellas, exclusive of those remaining unsold in manufacturers and shops. Each umbrella-owner buys at least one new umbrella every year, his previous one having been stolen, lost or worn out. We thus see that there is an annual apparent disappearance of twenty-four millions of umbrellas, and the moment we fully comprehend this fact we perceive the importance of the question: What becomes of these umbrellas?

We may admit that many of them are stolen. Men who would not steal a one-cent postage stamp will, nevertheless, feel no hesitation in seizing upon any umbrella that is temporarily separated from its owner and in carrying it off with triumph. About one-sixth of the title to all umbrellas now in active use is probably of this semi-felonious nature.

There is said to be a rich umbrella-seller in this city whose stock costs him absolutely nothing, since it is collected by playing upon the consciences of his fellow-men. He walks along Broadway, and when he sees a desirable umbrella he stops the man who is carrying it and remarks: "Excuse me, my friend, but you have my umbrella." At least every fourth man thus stopped knows that his title to the umbrella in his possession will not endure investigation, and so he hastily surrenders the umbrella, remarking as he does so: "I was looking for an owner for it, and intended to send it to Police headquarters this afternoon."

On every overcast and threatening day this ingenious collector—who is always followed by a boy with a hand-cart—gathers in from seventy-five to one hundred umbrellas, which he afterward sells at the usual retail price.

But, conceding that one-sixth of our active umbrellas are stolen or sold for the second time, there still remain eighteen millions of umbrellas whose annual disappearance is to be accounted for.

Let us assume that of this number two millions are furnished with new covers and a fresh coat of varnish, and so re-enter into circulation as new umbrellas. Still there are sixteen millions more which vanish utterly from the face of the earth.

In the case of the disappearance of pins—a familiar subject which has occupied, for many years, the attention of our statisticians and other scientific persons—it is easy to say that their small size enables them to successfully conceal themselves. Old umbrellas have not this advantage. Next to a hoop-skirt, an old umbrella is the most obtrusive thing in nature. Not only does it refuse to conceal itself, but it attacks every one who comes within its reach, and clings desperately to his legs and garments. Its ribs protrude in all directions, like the tentacles of the octopus, and no amount of force or ingenuity can compress it into a small space.

To get rid of an old umbrella will be seen, on reflection, to be apparently one of the most abstruse and difficult of problems.

It is well established that old umbrellas are not kept in houses. The housewife when questioned as to what has become of any given old umbrella will always reply vaguely: "Oh, it has been thrown away."

Of course, this can not be understood literally. If sixteen millions of old umbrellas were thrown into the street every year they would be blown about in clouds much thicker than the ordinary city dust cloud, and there would not be a horse or pedestrian in existence who had not sustained injuries from old umbrella ribs.

When the housewife "throws away" an umbrella it unquestionably vanishes, but what she calls "throwing away" is obviously a peculiar and mysterious act.

Hasty thinkers may assume that old umbrellas are cast out into vacant lots, where they are promptly devoured by goats. This may seem a plausible theory to any one but a zoologist.

The latter knows, however, that while the goat may be roughly described as an omnivorous animal he is not umbelliferous.

Undoubtedly goats do eat hoop-skirts, and in the days when hoop-skirts were fashionable, thousands of goats were fattened upon them exclusively.

The umbrella has so many of the characteristics of the hoop-skirt that one would naturally suppose that it would tempt the appetite of goats, but it is a well-ascertained fact that for some unexplained reason no goat will touch an umbrella, except when suffering from starvation.

Prof. Tyndall kept a goat for seven days without food, and offered him an old umbrella every day, but the goat would not touch it until the seventh day, when being overcome with

hunger, he ate three ribs and part of the handle, and died two hours later with symptoms closely resembling those produced by strychnine. This experiment may be regarded as conclusive, and we must acquit the goat of all share in causing the disappearance of umbrellas.

To some extent it is possible that old umbrellas are used in cheap restaurants, the ribs being served up under the name of asparagus, but only a very small proportion of sixteen millions of umbrellas can be annually used in this way. Neither does the occasional use of an umbrella as a club by a vigorous female reformer have any real bearing upon the subject. There is positively no theory which satisfactorily accounts for the disappearance of old umbrellas, and it is the imperative duty of scientific persons to invent a theory without further delay.

Truly, we live in a world of mystery, and no thinking man can look at his umbrella and ask himself where it will go when it is worn out without feeling that he stands on the shore of an ocean of unexplored truths.—N. Y. Times.

Woolen Dresses for Various Occasions.

Word comes from across the water that in London and Paris woolen costumes are the fashionable fancy for street and promenade; nay, more, that they are to be much worn for evening toilets also, and that India cashmeres, nun's veillings, etc., will divide favor with surahs and satins at balls and at fashionable watering-places during the summer.

Reading, however, of Lady Bective's patriotic alpacas, sparkling with diamond ornaments and half-covered with lace, it is difficult to see where the boasted economy of the new freak comes in; nor are Worth's dainty dresses in *cachemire de l' Inde* trimmed with yards upon yards of lace and embroidery a whit less expensive than the same ideas carried out in soft silk stuffs.

Nevertheless the fact remains that many of the prettiest imported suits of the season are of wool, while many more are of silk and wool combined, and furnish charming models for American fabrics, almost as pretty and far less expensive than the French and English goods.

A very stylish walking dress is of small checked summer camel's hair in two shades of brown. The skirt is laid in box plait from the hips down, a deep yoke avoiding all unnecessary fullness above that point. Under the edge of the box plait is a narrow side plaiting. The bodice is a pointed basque with shirred pieces down the front forming Vs on each side of the buttons. The tunic is gathered on to the edge of the basque, in six narrow shirred puffs, and so draped to form paniers and a Louis XV. pouf at the back. The sleeves are in coat shape, very tight at the wrists, where they are fastened by buttons, and the long gloves are worn outside of them. A shoulder cape shirred around the neck in Mother Hubbard fashion is added to the suit, and may be either worn or left off at pleasure. A narrow linen band is worn with the dress, and a knot of ribbon at the throat. The buttons are ball-shaped in bronze metal.

Quite different, and equally stylish, is another walking dress of fine cashmere and embossed velvet. The cashmere skirt is finished with a deep box plaiting, trimmed above the hem with a band of velvet. Two wide velvet panels are on the sides of the skirt. The overdress is a polonaise with paniers on the sides and full, draped back in Marguerite style. Velvet vest, cuffs and deep round collar. Small round buttons of cut jet.

Another attractive dress is of black cashmere and watered silk. The tablier of this consists of box plait of cashmere, separated by wide bands of moire. The frounce at the back of the skirt is of moire, laid in double box plait. The skirt drapery is of cashmere in full loose puffs at the back. The cashmere jacket has an old-fashioned waistcoat skirt of moire, with deep cuffs and Continental collar of moire also, and at the back of the jacket is a huge bow of moire, which together with the cashmere puff gives a most bouffant effect to the back of the dress.

As already said, a great deal of lace is used on nun's veillings, still a very pretty effect is gained by trimming them almost entirely with the material. Thus the skirt, which is made on a foundation, as all skirts are nowadays, is finished at the foot with a side plaiting from two to four inches deep. Above this is a shirred puff which sags down over the plaiting. The straight strip cut for this puff is some twelve inches wide. An inch of this breadth is taken up in the hem's top and bottom; three inches are devoted to the shirred band at top, and the remaining eight inches forms the six inch puff, the extra two inches in depth giving the sagging effect. The front breadth and side gores have similar puffings above this, all the way up to the edge of the basque, and the back has a straight full drapery caught in loose irregular folds. The basque is

corded with silk on the edge, and a frill of lace finishes the neck and sleeves, knots of ribbon being added at the throat and on the cuffs.

Stripes are very much worn, although few dresses are made entirely of striped materials. The novelty is fancy stripes, one plain the other basket woven, a-mure, invisible check or flowered, and these are combined with material matching the fancy stripe in design.

Such dresses may be made either with a long-tailed jacket of the stripes, and plain skirt with striped knitting, or the skirt may be of the striped fabric and the overdress plain; it is merely a matter of fancy. In making striped flounces they are invariably cut straight, and when plaited great care is taken to have the same stripe come uppermost every time. A very pretty effect is produced by a wide flounce plaited thus for the bottom part, stitched flat about two-thirds of the way up, and the plait reversed on the upper edge, giving a plaited puff which shows the under stripe in irregular patches.

Velvet it is said will be worn all summer, and a skirt of black, dark brown or navy blue velvet is an eminently safe purchase, since it may be worn with a variety of overskirts.

Jackets, different from the skirt, continue fashionable, and some of the prettiest imported costumes have jackets of brocade or fancy silks over skirts of mull or surah silk. Foulard jackets in many flowered designs will be very popular at watering-places, since the fashion is both becoming and economical.

The new colors do not vary much from those of last season; all the old favorites being still in vogue.

Green is decidedly prominent both in dress goods and millinery; dragon, a very dark shade, and lichen green being the favorite hues in this. Alexandra purple, terra cotta in all its shades, army blue, cadet blue as it is alike called, are all high on the list, but black still continues the standard color for all occasions. Ivory white and black are in the majority for evening, and then very delicate shades of peach, pink, blue, terra cotta and the new calanthus, which is an improvement on the last shade. Twine color, or *fieille*, is one of the furores of the season; still it suits but few complexions and is hardly pretty, being the color, precisely, of the twine used for tying packages—in fact unbleached tow.

The most ladylike and serviceable traveling dresses are made of soft all-wool cloths in light and dark colors, plain or in very small checkered and striped patterns. The dress is simply made with a plaited skirt, short draped tunic and close-fitting jacket. Small toques of the same material are very stylish with all such suits, but straw hats matching the dress in color are the usual choice. An ulster to match the dress is a useful addition to the suit in cool weather.—Our Continent.

Killed by Eating Strawberries.

"Hugh Griffin, aged twenty months, No. 21 Morris street; cause of death, an excessive indulgence in strawberries," was one of the certificates filed in the Bureau of Vital Statistics yesterday. The circumstances surrounding the death of little Hugh were peculiar. His parents were poor people living in a tenement in one of the filthiest localities in the city. On Friday afternoon a neighbor of the Griffin family bought some strawberries, and called little Hugh into the room to eat some of them. He was given all he wanted, and, as Dr. F. G. Merrill said, when he was subsequently summoned to attend the child, "it had fairly gorged itself." About four o'clock p. m. the child was seized with convulsions, but it was not until eleven o'clock at night that the physician's services were found necessary. "I was called just in time to fill out a burial certificate," said Dr. Merrill. Convulsions in children from eating strawberries or almost any species of fruit, the Doctor said, were not uncommon. Much, however, depended on the surroundings. Although the Griffin child was healthy up to the time it ate the strawberries, his surroundings were conducive to disease. The air in the house was foul, and the place was filthy. The only thing that could be done was to administer cathartics, but the child was beyond the influence of such treatment, and death ensued soon afterward.—N. Y. Times.

The coal-fields of Alabama cover 10,860 square miles, and the coal is all bituminous, but differs widely in quality. The best coal in the State, and in fact in the United States, being fully equal to English cannel coal, is the Montevallo coal. No industry in the State has had so rapid a growth as the coal industry. In 1872 only 10,000 tons were mined in the State; in 1879 the annual output had been swelled to 290,000 tons; in 1880 to 340,000 tons, and in 1881 to 400,000 tons.—Chicago Times.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

WEDNESDAY EVE., SEPT. 20, 1882.

TERMS:—The EVENING BULLETIN is published daily, and served free of postage at 5 cents per week; 25 cents per month; 75 cents per three months; \$1.50 per six months, and \$3 per year, payable in advance.

THE EVENING BULLETIN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION IN THIS CITY, CHESTER AND ABERDEEN, OHIO, THAN ANY OTHER PAPER PUBLISHED IN MARYSVILLE.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR will be fifty years old on the 5th day of next month.

INDIA imports goods annually to the amount of \$200,000,000, of which the United States sends \$2,000,000; nine-tenths of that is for petroleum.

MR. T. C. ANDERSON, a farmer and stock raiser of Montgomery county, is trying Chinese labor on his plantation. He thinks it will solve the cheap labor problem.

An estimate of the consumption of raw cotton by the southern mills for 1881-82 puts the amount 238,000 bales; an increase in four years of 58 per cent. The south is destined to be a manufacturing region.

The proposed reception at Washington of Engineer Mellville, the Arctic explorer, has been abandoned on account of his having obtained an extension of his lease of absence, by reason of sickness in his family.

ASSISTANT District Attorney Moore is carefully compiling all papers in the star route bribery cases, but no warrants will be issued until all is ready, which will not be for several days yet. A rumor is current that the defense is becoming very uneasy on account of possible developments.

THE Covington Commonwealth strikes center when it says: Hon. G. M. Thomas made a speech at the Republican convention at Catlettsburg the other day. He said he was "proud to belong to the Republican party." Certainly he is. Any man who holds a fat Federal office, with big pay and not much work, ought to be proud of his party.

THE treasury officers will not admit of the probability of Secretary Folger withdrawing from the New York gubernatorial contest in favor of Collector Robertson or any other man. Very recent private advices from him show that he does not expect to continue his duties as secretary of the treasury, and it is, therefore, argued that he is going to stand.

The Weather.

Cincinnati Commercial.

In his bulletin for September, Vennor predicted "another hot term yet this season." We have evidently been enjoying it. Hot, as it was here Monday, it was still hotter west of the Mississippi river, and it promises to be hotter here to-day. The mercury east of the Mississippi ranged well up among the eighties during the afternoon, but in Iowa, Missouri and Eastern Kansas the maximum temperature exceeded 90°, St. Louis reporting 95°.

At Cincinnati the average temperature of the day was nearly 80°, considerably higher than that of the corresponding day for a number of years past. The southwestward extension of the storm area, which was still central over the Upper Lake Region last night, still occupied the northwest, east of which tough-like extension or from Mississippi valley eastward, the winds, of course, continue southerly and southwesterly. In last Friday's Commercial it was stated that another center of disturbance was apparently forming in the northwestern territories, and on Saturday that an area of low pressure occupied the extreme northwest, with a decided impression in Dakota. A temperature of from 93° to 96° then prevailed in Dakota. It was further stated that the storm would probably move eastward over the Upper Lake Regions. On Sunday the storm was found to have made but little progress, and on Monday morning it was central over the Upper Lake Region. Meanwhile the pressure continued highest in the southeast, keeping the storm in the northerly path, and in consequence of its slow progress continued southerly winds prevailed, and the temperature rising day by day and the weather growing hot, sultry and oppressive. South of the lakes the weather, although at times threatening, was not affected by the storm, except in the way of gradually augmented temperature. But the cool wave referred to in Monday's Commercial has, during Monday, made itself felt quite decidedly west of the Mississippi. The storm will move more rapidly now, and the high barometer following it is likely to move in this direction, its force, however, probably somewhat spent before it reaches here.

There has been a sharp fall in temperature in the northwest, northerly and northwesterly winds prevailing. At Des Moines the mercury in the afternoon stood at 91°, wind southwest; eight hours later it had fallen to 65°, wind northwest. A somewhat similar change has been general throughout the Mississippi valley. This sudden change of the wind and temperature in that section has produced heavy rains in the northwestern portion of the country, and thunder storms were reported from Minnesota.

NEWS BREVITIES.

The British have occupied Tantah, Mme. Modjeska has returned to America.

The Tariff Commission are doing St. Louis.

Rev. G. W. Kelly was sun struck at Xenia, Monday.

A comet has been discovered at Center City, Col.

Secretary Folger is quite ill at the Hoffman House, New York.

Heavy floods have occurred in Lombardy, Venetia, and the Tyrol.

General Noyes and Gen. R. P. Kennedy spoke at Akron Monday night.

R. E. Sherwood, of Marshalltown, Iowa, was drowned, while fishing, Sunday.

It is believed that the Anglo-Turkish Military Convention will be abandoned.

John Y. Glessner, editor of the Richland Shield and Banner, died at Mansfield, O., Monday.

Clayton H. Bishop, proprietor of a flour and feed store at Mt. Vernon has left for parts unknown.

Logan, Lindsay & Co., of St. John, N. B., wholesale and retail grocers, assigned liabilities heavy.

The thirty-fourth annual fair of the Michigan State Agricultural Society began at Jackson Monday.

Enos Jameson, assistant treasurer of the St. Louis People's Theatre, committed suicide on Monday.

At Argentine, Kansas, Ben. Franklin, a colored boot-blacker, was fatally mangled by a freight train Monday.

Burglars, at Hudson, Mass., set fire to a shoe factory, and it was burned to the ground. Loss \$65,000.

Katie Euchert, an eighteen-year-old Cleveland girl, committed suicide because of an unfortunate love affair.

J. W. Jones, stabbed to death Joe D. Griffin, Sunday night, at Whitney, Texas. Jones fled, and citizens are pursuing.

Major Phipps, defaulting superintendent of the Philadelphia Almshouse, was arrested at Hamilton, Ont., on Monday.

Engineer Mellville's wife has been sent to an insane asylum. Her insanity seems to have been the result of nervous prostration.

President Arthur will be the guest of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and of the city of Boston, the first four days of October.

Alonzo Cash, aged 48, shot and mortally wounded his wife, Minnie, aged 17, near Dormansville, N. Y., Sunday, and then killed himself.

The Common Council of Elmira, N. Y., offers a reward of \$500 for the conviction of the person who fired J. Richardson & Co's shot factory.

Two mutes (youths) named Akers, just escaped from the Virginia Institution at Staunton, were killed on the railroad track near that place.

A woman was shot by a process server, near Ghent, county Donegal, while resisting the seizure of her cattle. The process server was arrested.

Rev. A. J. Bray, formerly of Montreal, has floated a colonization society for the northwest territories, on the London market, with nominal capital of one million pounds.

First Assistant Postmaster General Frank Hatton was tendered an elegant banquet at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Monday evening, by officers of the Chicago Post Office.

Mr. Joseph Medill, of the Chicago Tribune, and wife; Dr. Henry Williams, of the British army, and President Barrios, of Guatemala, were among the arrivals at New York Monday.

The government inspector at Toronto states the ill-fated steamer Asia was running without license, having been refused on account of carrying an insufficient number of life boats and life preservers.

Jacob R. Shepherd, of Peruvian notoriety, was before Judge Lawrence, in the New York supreme court, Monday, in supplementary proceedings upon a judgment for \$108 and costs, recovered against him by the Union News Company in June last.

The German Reformed Board of the United States opened its annual session at Harrisburg, Pa., Monday evening. It has missions in New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, California, Oregon and Washington Territory.

During the performance of Orton's circus at Mount Airy, N. C., September 18, the seats fell with fifteen hundred people. Over fifty people were seriously injured. Four ladies, victims of the disaster, are in a critical condition. Many men, women and children had legs and arms broken.

During a fight Monday in the Union Market Police Station, New York, between Officers Hogan and Henderson, the latter fired frequently at the former, the balls taking effect on his head and wrists, producing dangerous wounds. Henderson began the quarrel by striking Hogan with his club.

The garrison of Aboukir, ordered to proceed to Kaff el Dwar to surrender, marched on Sunday. An entire regiment with arms, moved off eastward to join Abdallah Pasha, at Damietta. The remainder of the first detachment, about one hundred and fifty men, reached Kaff el Dwar Monday.

The telegram received by Acting Secretary of the Navy Walker, from Engineer Melville, simply asked for an extension of leave, on account of sickness in his family. The request was granted. None of the particulars of Melville's actions are known at the department. Reports of his having deserted his wife created quite a sensation among the officials there.

WANTS.

WANT—To buy five fresh milk cows, with second or third calves. Must be good ones. 1wd. C. P. SHOCKLEY.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE A fine Grade Alderney Calf—a first class animal. Apply to W. M. McCULLAHAN, 1wd. 5th Ward.

FOR SALE—Bakery, confectionery, grocery and oyster room, doing a large business. Only one in city and county. Cost price \$2,000. Apply to Sept 14-1w C. W. BIERLEY.

FOR SALE—A two story dwelling in the 5th Ward containing three rooms and kitchen, near corner of Third and Walnut and Hall's flour factory. It is in good condition and has cistern, coal house and other conveniences. Call on Sept 14-1w J. M. WHITTINGTON.

FOR SALE—A Covered Top Wagon, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to 5th Ward. 1wd. THIS OFFICE.

LOST.

LOST—On Thursday, some place in this city, a plain gold ring. The finder will be nobly rewarded by returning it to Sept 16-1w THIS OFFICE.

LOST—On Friday afternoon some place in Maysville, \$25; one \$20 bill and one \$5 bill. A liberal reward will be given to the finder by leaving same at this office or returning to THOMAS A. WOODWARD, Germantown, N.Y. 1wd.

LOST—A small memorandum book containing \$13.25 and a receipt from the Adams Express Company. If the finder will return it to this office, I will pay a liberal reward for same. 1wd. HENRY MARSH.

LOST—A Gentleman's Enamelled Breast Pin set with seven small stones. The finder will be nobly rewarded by returning same to this office or Jacob Lunn's Confectionery Store second street below the Postoffice. 1wd.

LOST! LOST! LOST!—A good fit if you do not leave your orders with the Fifth Ward Tailor. 1wd. J. H. WEDDING.

Attention, Owners of Stock!

HAVING obtained control of Mr. T. C. Campbell's Farm, I am prepared to pasture an unlimited number of cows, horses, mules &c. The above grass has not been pastured at all during the season of 1882. Cows or cattle 10¢ per single head, per day, reduction made for herd horses or mules, \$1.00 per month. Cows driven to and from pasture \$2.50 per head. 1wd. CHARLES KIRK.

JAS. H. SALLEE. CLARENCE L. SALLEE

SALLEE & SALLEE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

A general law practice in all the courts. THIRD STREET, near Court House, 1wd. 1st floor. 1wd. MAYSVILLE, KY.

T. H. S. SMITH.

DENTIST.

COURT STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY.

Gas used in the extraction of teeth. 1wd.

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Fall and Winter

MILLINERY GOODS,

—OF THE—

Latest Styles and Patterns.

I ASK all the Ladies to call and see my stock. It is selected with great care.

MAGGIE RASP.

Next to John Wheeler's.

Dr. E. L. Rivenburgh
Cures Stuttering, Stammering, Hoarseness, Lispings, Suction, and Exhausted Breath, Nasal Sound, Improper Articulation, Loss of Voice, and all Impediments in Speech. Have cured twenty cases since my arrival in Cincinnati. 1wd.

WRITE or CALL and see me at my office, NO. 63 WEST NINTH STREET, NEAR CORNER OF VINE, CINCINNATI, OHIO, where I will remain until October 15th. Hundreds of testimonials at my office. No charges received, unless a cure is effected. READ THE FOLLOWING TESTIMONIALS. CINCINNATI, August 1, 1882.

I was a Stammerer for ten years. Seven years ago I was cured of my impediment by Dr. E. L. Rivenburgh, during his visit in New Philadelphia, Ohio. I would unfeignedly advise any one afflicted with Stammering or any form of impediment to give Dr. Rivenburgh a trial. I will answer any communications addressed to me at 257 Plum street, Cincinnati. FRED C. TEICHMANN.

1wd. Call and see me during your visit to the Cincinnati Exposition. 1wd. 1st floor. 1wd.

WATCHES

—CHANGED TO—

Stem WINDERS.

ED. J. BALLENGER at Albert's China Store adjoining Pearce, Wallingford & Co.'s Bank. 1wd. 1st floor.

1wd. 1

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

WEDNESDAY EVE., SEPT. 20, 1882.

ROSSER & McCARTHY,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Space.	One day	Two days	Three days	Four days	Five days	Six days
One inch.....	50	60	70	80	90	100
Two inches.....	70	85	100	115	130	145
Three inches.....	90	110	130	150	170	190
Four inches.....	120	145	170	195	220	245
Half col.....	180	220	260	300	340	380
One col.....	300	350	400	450	500	550

Local notices ten cents a line; subsequent insertions five cents a line.
Wants, three lines, ten cents, subsequent insertions five cents.

Special rates where advertisers use both the daily and weekly.

One inch in the DAILY BULLETIN for one year costs \$5, and for six months but \$3.



OUR brethren of the quill who come,
To see the Maysville fair,
Where'er they turn, we hope will meet,
With kind words everywhere.
And while they're taken here and there,
To wine and dine and sup,
We hope they'll give the BULLETIN
A chance to "set 'em up."

Notice.

Business men desiring to make use of the columns of the DAILY BULLETIN during the week of the fair will please hand in their advertisements immediately, otherwise we may be obliged to disappoint some of them as our space is limited.

New stock of Hats and Caps cheap at J. W. Sparks & Bro.

THE hogs in Greenup county are dying rapidly of cholera.

New Dress Goods, Sackings and Cloakings just received at J. W. Sparks & Bro.

MR. RICHARD HARRIS has sold the Mt. Carmel omnibus to Mr. J. J. McCarthy.

Stocks full and complete. New goods received every day at J. W. Sparks & Bro.

HEADQUARTERS for Shirts, Collars, Socks, Handkerchiefs and Neckwear at J. W. Sparks & Bro. Sept 18-6.

THE steamers Handy, Mountain Girl and Clipper, ply every hour between this city and the fair grounds.

JOSEPH OWENS, son of Mr. Lud. Owens, died this morning of malarial fever. He was a good boy and very promising.

BUSINESS men can have their advertisements one inch in length printed in the DAILY BULLETIN for one dollar a month.

THE circulation of the Daily and Weekly BULLETIN, combined, is 4,900 copies each week. Our advertising rates are the lowest.

THE first number of Lexington's new daily, the Advertiser, is before us. It is neatly printed and it appears to be carefully edited. Capable newspaper men are at the head of the enterprise.

THE oldest minister of the M. E. Church, is the Rev. Dr. Peter Akers, of the Illinois conference. He was ninety-two years of age on the 1st inst., and on the third preached a sermon of an hour's duration, which is said to have had great force and vigor.

EVERY gentleman attending the ball to-night must have a ticket made out in his name. The ladies need no tickets. The floor managers for to-night will be H. T. Pearce, B. F. Thomas, B. B. Poynz, C. S. Young, W. B. Phister, E. R. Blaine, E. P. Browning, Walter Watson.

LAST night special policeman Fred Bodie arrested a negro for obstructing the sidewalk and took him to the station house, but before he could be confined he broke from the officer and ran. He was ordered to stop several times, and not obeying the command the officer shot and inflicted a slight wound in the negro's hip.

Six Good Reasons For Insuring Against Accidents.

1st. They will happen in all occupations and situations.

2nd. They will happen whether you travel or not.

3rd. They cost money, valuable time, and even life.

4th. Accident insurance costs but a small premium.

5th. It guarantees a good round sum in case of accidental death.

6th. It secures weekly indemnity for wholly disabling injury.

Thirty thousand accident tickets at 25 cents a day. Insured for any number of days. M. F. MARSH, Agent, Court Street.

A. AND M. ASSOCIATION.

Third Day, Thursday, Sept. 21, 1882.

The following is the fair programme for to-morrow:

ARENA.
LUCIEN S. LUTTRELL,
W. M. H. YANCEY,
JOHN H. WILSON,
D. HEGINGER. Directors.

All animals contending for premiums must be exhibited at the discretion of the directors.

SADDLE HORSES.

Best Stallion 4 years and over..... \$ 20.00
Best Stallion 3 years and under 4..... 15.00
Best Stallion 2 years and under 3..... 10.00
Best Mare 4 years and over..... 20.00
Best Mare 3 years and under 4..... 15.00
Best Mare 2 years and under 3..... 10.00
Best Saddle Gelding 4 years old and over..... 20.00
Best Saddle Gelding 3 years old and under 4..... 20.00

SWEEPSTAKES FOR SADDLE.

Fee for all. Entrance \$15, to close day of race, best two in three, added by the association \$5. First horse two-thirds. Second horse one-third

DOUBLE TEAM STAKE RACE.

Fee for all. Entrance \$15, to close day of race, best two in three, added by the association \$5. First horse two-thirds. Second horse one-third

ROADSTERS.

Best pair of roadsters, regardless of color or sex..... \$ 25.00

SPECIAL AND FANCY RING-\$50.

Given by young men of Maysville for fastest mare or gelding to be driven to buggy by owner, mile heats,

2 best in 3..... 1st \$ 30.00
2nd 21.00
3rd 15.00

No professional driver allowed to enter. The horse driven must be used regularly as a roadster.

SPEED KING-\$300.00.

For horses that have never trotted better than 250. mile heats, three in five.

First horse..... \$180.00
Second horse..... 90.00
Third horse..... 30.00

THE FAIR.

Premiums Awarded on the Opening Day.

The attendance at the fair yesterday, the opening day, as expected, was not large. The exhibits in all the departments were good, and premiums were awarded as follows:

LIGHT HARNESS HORSES.

Best stallion 4 years and over to F. Mann, of Carlisle, Ky.; premium \$25.

Best stallion 2 years and under 3 to Dick Young, of Maysville; premium \$10.

Best mare 4 years and over, to Northcott & Green, of Florence, Ky.; premium \$25.

Best mare 3 years and under 4, to Lee Thomas, of Helens, Ky.; premium \$15.

Best mare 2 years and under 3, to Harvey Thorne, of Millersburg, Ky.; premium \$10.

SWEEPSTAKES.

Best light harness stallion of age to F. M. Tolle, of Germantown, Ky.; premium \$25.

Best light harness mare of any age, to Harvey Thorne, of Millersburg; premium \$25.

Best light harness gelding of any age, to Dick Young, Maysville; premium \$25.

DRAFT HORSES.

Best stallion 4 years and over, to J. W. McGarvey, Bentontville, O.; premium \$25.

Best mare 4 years and over, to James Myers, Ripley, O.; premium \$25.

WICK

Wins in Three Straight Heats, Nannie Talbot Gets Second and Yazoo Third Money in the Race on First Day.

The race in the class for horses that had never trotted better than three minutes, on the first day of the fair, was easily won by the bay stallion Wick, owned by Smith & Coons, of Lexington, Ky. The betting, what little was done, was in favor of Wick all along. The first heat was won in 2:37 1/2, the second in 2:31, and the third in 2:30. Nannie Talbot came in second, and Yazoo third in each heat. The brown stallion Whipple, Jr., was distanced on the second heat. There were but four horses started although seven had entered.

All the arrangements have been made to make the two hops this week delightful in every respect. Michael's celebrated band from Newport has been secured for both nights. Owing to the limited size of the rooms the gentlemen have been obliged to adopt some means to prevent them from being so crowded as to spoil the comfort and pleasure of those present; this being the only unpleasant feature of the balls of last year. The plan decided upon is excellent as it secures the entertainment of the visitors, and limits the crowd without the possibility of offending any one. No invitations were issued to the home people.

Instead of invitations, tickets of admission have been issued for all those taking part in giving the balls and no one is to be admitted without a ticket, that is the gentlemen and the chaperones, the young ladies of course do not need tickets. The young men have tickets for distribution to the strangers only, and all are expected to see that all visitors are provided. These tickets are neatly printed--white for Wednesday and colored for Friday--with a blank space for the name of the bearer and one for the name of the party giving the ticket. The tickets are not transferable. Tickets are distributed to only those of the townspeople who have aided in giving the balls, as no one can get offended because they have no tickets and can not attend.

SUNDAY night C. C. Cline closed a series of very interesting meetings. Bro. C. is quite a speaker and at the same time free spoken lecturer. He touched many faults prevailing in the church here, which the members should endeavor to remedy. His reputation as a vocalist was, if such could be, more than sustained.

Every one seemed delighted with his proceedings, and we hope that his efforts for the improvement of the church and Sunday school have not been in vain.

Dr. Dimmitt is having a well dog.

E. D. Elliott took in the Cincinnati exposition last week.

T. J. Black returned recently from a trip to Cincinnati.

Miss Reeves of Indiana is visiting relatives here.

A meeting of the fair company was held Saturday evening.

F. A. Browning our popular druggist, is making a protracted visit to relatives in Indiana.

J. C. Browning and P. D. Linville started the first of last week to attend medical school at Cincinnati. C. C. Colburn started Friday to attend medical school at Philadelphia.

What community is there that can beat this one, in the production of tobacco? Whenever a tobacco contest is held, some dealer in this place is usually victorious.

The Hillsdale band accomplished by the Clayville band favored our town Saturday afternoon with some music.

J. A. Thompson returned last week with his team and trailer. He has been threshing in the vicinity of Dover and in Ohio. The number of bushels threshed by him this season will amount to nearly twenty thousand bushels.

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For information call on or address

1391w2 J. H. ARTHUR, Mayfield, Ky.

TWO LICK.

Warm and dry here.

Not much seeding done yet.

Hogs are scarce and command high prices.

Several persons from here attended Elder Cline's lectures in Germantown last week. The Elder is a No. 1 singer.

Rev. W. D. Powers has been sent to this circuit. We extend a cordial welcome to Elder Powers.

Rev. T. E. Tiller is visiting his mother in Iowa. We hear it printed that Rev. T. expects to enter into the bonds of matrimony soon. We extend our congratulations in advance.

HOMO.

1,000 Unlaundried Shirts, with Linen Bosoms, at 50 cents each at J. W. Sparks & Bro.

The New York Republican State convention meets at Saratoga. It is generally admitted that Cornell will lead on the first ballot. The convention, it is believed, will be a protracted one.

PERSONALS.

Points About People Here and Elsewhere.

Mr. John Powling, of Carlisle, is in the city.

Capt. J. R. Wilson, of Augusta, is here to see the fair.

Miss Rosa Ronsheim, of Ripley, is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. G. K. Day, of Elizaville, Ky., is here taking in the fair.

Mr. James Dudley, of the Flemingsburg Times, is in Maysville.

Major Thomas A. Ross and family have returned from Covington.

Capt. Bruce Champ, of the Bourbon News, is attending the fair.

Mr. Brainard T. Smith, of Cincinnati, is visiting friends in Maysville.

Mrs. Sue Drennan, of Manchester, is visiting the family of Dr. G. W. Martin.

Mr. Adolph Schreiber and wife, of Cincinnati, are visiting friends in Maysville.

Col. J. Stoddard Johnston, and Mr. Ralph Sheldon, of Frankfort, arrived last night.

Col. J. G. Craddock, of the Paris True Kentuckian called to see the BULLETIN yesterday.

Mr. John Blanchard, of Cincinnati, was here yesterday on a short visit to his friends.

Miss Emma Fleming, of Flemingsburg, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Lucy Darnall, of this city.

Miss Sallie Remington of Paris and Mrs. Green R. Kellar, of Carlisle were in Maysville yesterday.

Miss Mary Myall, of Mayslick, and Miss Katie Myall, of Hutchison Station, are visiting Mrs. S. S. Riley.

Ventilating Chambers.

Warming, lighting, and ventilating dwellings and public edifices are worthy of careful study. How can these things be cheaply and effectually done? They are closely connected with each other. Ventilation is really the most important, and yet it is more often neglected than either of the others. The air of any room or dwelling may be ventilated in so many ways that the subject of ventilation cannot be too well understood by mothers. They are the house physicians, and should do all they can to bestow health and comfort on those who are committed to their charge. They should realize the fact that vitiated air is constantly, by day and night, exuded from the skin, passing from the lungs in so large quantities that proper ventilation is the cheapest way of obtaining a sufficient supply of vital air.

The amount of effluvia exuding from the skin is much greater than most persons may suppose; and the quantity of carbonic gas that every human being daily expels is enormous. And what is of some importance to know and consider is that it chiefly consists of waste that should not remain within the limits of the skin, nor should it be again absorbed, to vitiate the blood and tissues. It is imperative that all foul effluvia from the lungs or skin should be constantly passing from the system, and be as constantly replaced by pure air, that may improve instead of impair the health.

The difficulty in ventilating dwellings, to exchange foul air for fresh in such a way as to do no harm, is that which may arise from chilling draughts and sudden changes of temperature. How much fresh air must be admitted into a living room, for any given number of human beings, is a question that depends for answer on the number of inmates, their occupation and state of health. It is plain enough that the amount of vitiated air depends upon the amount of respiration and perspiration—upon the quantity of waste that exercise may expel.

Some scientists, whose experiments and observations are worthy of all trust, have reported that each person in a room should have 1,000 cubic feet of air; or, a room ten feet square and ten feet high. A school-room, forty feet in length, ten in height and forty in width, must hold 16,000 cubic feet of air, or air enough for sixteen persons. Now, many school-rooms have these dimensions, and still contain forty scholars. The amount of fresh air really needed to prevent an undue accumulation of waste from the skin and lungs should be 48,000 cubic feet per hour. This amount of fresh air ought to be so admitted into the school-room as to prevent harmful and unpleasant draughts. Are any of our school-rooms so constructed as to secure this needed amount of fresh air? We have measured several school-rooms in Chicago, and have never found that they were so arranged as to yield these results. Many school-rooms do not approximate it. The results generally are that the schools have been in session in winter hardly an hour before the windows must be raised, and draughts of chilling air be admitted to strike the heads and shoulders of the inmates.

Similar remarks may be truly made regarding bed-rooms. Physicians often have occasion to observe that the ventilation of sleeping-rooms is still too much neglected, even by the respectable and cleanly; and when called to visit servants in the night, the need of ventilation is strongly and strikingly illustrated. The servants are not to blame, or, at least, not always. Their beds are usually placed in low attics that have no means of ventilation, so that, by the early morning hours, if not before the crowing of chanticleer, the air they are inhaling is outrageously offensive. Physicians too often observe, also, that in the sleeping rooms of the poor and ignorant hardly 200 cubic feet are allowed for the inmates. No doubt ignorance of the ill results of breathing vitiated air is one cause of what we often smell. Every housekeeper should allow the standard space of 1,000 cubic feet for each person sleeping within his dwelling. In two or more previous essays we have referred to this subject of ventilation of bed-rooms. We, ourselves, never retire to rest without first opening a window ten to thirty inches, and then keep it open until we rise to prepare for the duties of the day.

A cheap and effective way of ventilating a sleeping room is to place a half-inch board, six inches wide, below the lower sash. Fit it to each shoulder of the window frame. In this way the outer air will pass freely between the upper part of the lower sash and the lower part of the upper sash. If this arrangement does not admit fresh air enough, pull down the upper sash an inch or two, but this is rarely necessary. —Prairie Farmer.

Oscar Wilde ran across a lynching at Bonfouca, La. A negro assailant of a white woman had been taken out of jail by a mob, and Oscar saw the hanging from a car window. The negro was a preacher, and his wild, eloquent appeals for mercy moved the aesthetic traveller greatly, but did not affect the lynchers, who quickly suspended him from a railroad bridge.

The ruby, sapphire and topaz are simply modifications of one substance, alumina, which, as clay, forms a great part of the earth's surface.

NOTICE.

ON account of my continued ill health, I have concluded, as soon as practicable, to retire from the dry goods trade, I now offer my entire stock, and to make a final disposal of it in the business, and will, from the 1st day of July sell my goods FOR CASH until disposed of, which will enable me to offer to the retail trade some special bargains.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please call and settle at once, as I am anxious to square my books. Respectfully, —appliedly H. G. SMOOTH.

Established 1865.

EQUITY GROCERY.
G. W. GEISEL,

No. 9, W. Second St., Opp. Opera House,
MAYSVILLE, KY.

Fruits and Vegetables in season. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

P. S. MYERS,

—Dealer in—

Groceries, Hats and Caps

Boots and Shoes, Queensware and Hardware. Highest cash price paid for Grain and Country Produce.

Jyld MT. OLIVET.

T. J. CURLEY.
Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter

Dealer in Bath Tubs, Hydrant Pumps, Iron and Lead Pipe, Globe, Angle and Check Valves, Rubber Hose and Sewer Pipe. All work warranted and done when promised. Second streets opposite White & Ort's.

ap3

NOTICE.

WE are now receiving the most elegant assortment of BUGGIES, PHETONS and CARRIAGES ever brought to the city of Maysville. MYALL & RILEY.

audy NO. 7 Second, and 18 Sutton Sts.

JACOB LINN,
Four Doors Below the Postoffice

—HAS OPENED HIS—

ICE CREAM PARLORS.

Ice Cream for sale by the gallon or half gallon. Wedding Parties furnished on short notice.

my29

Italian Bees For Sale.

3 LBS. WITH TESTED QUEEN..... \$3 00

FULL COLONY..... \$7 00

SHIPPED AT VANCEBURG.

M. L. WILLIAMS, Vanceburg, Ky.

W. M. C. PELHAM, Maysville, Ky.

s2d3w

REOPENED.

MRS. M. W. COULTER has reopened the HILL HOUSE and is prepared to furnish board by the day or week. Meals furnished to transient customers at any hour during the day.

my156m

F. L. TRAYSER,
PIANO MANUFACTURER

Front St., 4 doors west of Hill House

Grand, Upright and Square Pianos, also the best make of Organs at lowest manufacturers' prices: Tuning and Repairing.

nl.7

TEAS!! TEAS!!

I HAVE a full supply of the best GUNPOWDER TEA in the market. Give me a trial my3lyd GEO. H. HEISER.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PERSONS in need of a good Piano or Organ will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, No. 34, Market street, agent for L. H. Baldwin & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, where they will find all the standard makes, such as Steinway, Decker Bros., Haines Bros., Pianos, Estey and Shoninger at very reasonable prices. sept5dm F. F. GERBRICH.

CONTINENTAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
—OF—
NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, \$4,500,000.

GEO. W. ROGERS, agent, office at Wheatly & Co's, Market St., below Second. (136m)

EXCURSION!

THE CINCINNATI, PORTSMOUTH, BIG SANDY and POMEROY PACKET COMPANY will sell Round Trip Tickets to Cincinnati, during the Exposition, good on any boats of the line for

\$2.50

which includes Meals and Berth. Apply on board or to

FICKLIN BROS.
Agents.

5stf

J. R. SOUSLEY,

Architect, Contractor and Builder.

ESTIMATES furnished and all work war-

anted. Shop on Fourth Street between

Market and Limestone.

my4-6mdaw

WILLIAM CAUDLE,

Manufacturer and Inventor of

TRUSSES.

Made Double or Single for men or boys. Ad-

dress WILLIAM CAUDLE,
care T. K. Ball & Son,
Maysville, Ky.

ap1dawly

\$66³ week in your own town. Terms and

50¢ outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co.,

Portland, Maine. mar23ly

NOTICE.

OYSTERS!

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT,

Front St. Between Market and Sutton.

Now ready to serve oysters in any style.

By the day, week or meal. The BEST

PLACE IN THE CITY to get the worth of

Yours money.

MRS. GEO. BARCROFT.

WALKER'S

BOTTLED BEER

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

For sale by the Case, Dozen or Bottle, at

LOUIS ROSEN'S,

an old firm Market Street.

Established 1865.

Front St. Between Market and Sutton.

Now ready to serve oysters in any style.

By the day, week or meal. The BEST

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